Nap and coffee combo clears neurotransmitters so buzz more effective

It might sound crazy: conventional wisdom is that <u>caffeine interferes with sleep</u>. But if you caffeinate immediately before napping and sleep for 20 minutes or less, you can exploit a quirk in the way both sleep and caffeine affect your brain to maximize alertness. Here's the science behind the idea.

To understand a coffee nap, you have to understand how caffeine affects you. After it's absorbed through your small intestine and passes into your bloodstream, it crosses into your brain. There, it <u>fits into receptors</u> that are normally filled by a similarly-shaped molecule, called <u>adenosine</u>.

Adenosine is a byproduct of brain activity, and when it accumulates at high enough levels, it plugs into these receptors and makes you feel tired. But with the caffeine blocking the receptors, it's <u>unable to do so</u>. As Stephen R. Braun writes in <u>Buzz: the Science and Lore of Alcohol and Caffeine</u>, it's like "putting a block of wood under one of the brain's primary brake pedals.

Read the full, original story: Scientists agree: Coffee naps are better than coffee or naps alone