Physicists discover new layer of information in DNA's folded structure

The GLP aggregated and excerpted this blog/article to reflect the diversity of news, opinion and analysis.

Theoretical physicists have confirmed that it's not just the information coded into our DNA that shapes who we are – it's also the way DNA folds itself that controls which genes are expressed inside our bodies.

That's something biologists <u>have known for years</u>, and they've even been able to figure out some of the <u>proteins responsible for folding up DNA</u>. But now a group of physicists have been able to demonstrate for the first time through simulations how this hidden information controls our evolution.

<u>Since the '80s</u>, scientists have found that the way DNA is folded up inside our cells actually controls this process. Environmental factors can play a big role in this process too, with things like stress known to <u>turn certain genes on and off</u> through something known as <u>epigenetics</u>.

But the mechanics of the DNA folding is the original control mechanism. That's because every single cell in our body contains around 2 meters of DNA tightly wrapped up into a bundle called a <u>nucleosome</u>.

Read full, original post: Scientists just confirmed there's a second layer of information hidden in our DNA