'Organic GMOs': Pamela Ronald and Raoul Adamchak on how genetic engineering can reduce pesticide use and protect the environment

[Genetic engineering] is a powerful tool that can help us farm responsibly and sustainably by minimizing damage to the environment and prioritizing the health of both people and animals — the precise goals of organic farming. Type the terms 'GMO' and 'organic' into Google and you'll get a barrage of links framing the two as diametrically opposed. The truth is that, when well-designed and used responsibly, the products of genetic engineering are often perfectly aligned with the goals of organic farming.

One testament to this compatibility is the marriage of Pamela Ronald, a plant geneticist, and Raoul Adamchak, an organic farmer, who live and work in Davis, California

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In <u>Tomorrow's Table: Organic Farming, Genetics, and the Future of Food</u>, Ronald and Adamchak argue that genetic engineering can help "develop biologically-oriented, sophisticated, and elegant approaches to address agricultural problems" and that "to maximize the benefit of GE [genetically engineered] plants, they would best be integrated into an organic farming system."

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There are already many examples of what we might call "organic GMOs": those that promote the same values as organic farming by reducing the use of synthetic chemicals, delivering more nutrition, and even restoring ecosystems. In the late 1990s, <u>GMO papaya</u> saved Hawaii's entire papaya industry from viral eradication

Read full, original post: Organic GMOs could be the future of food — if we let them