'Colossal Maybes': Chloroquine and hydroxychloroquine 'largely failed' to improve coronavirus patient survival rates in early, small studies

The <u>malaria drugs touted by President Trump</u> as potentially "the biggest game changers in the history of medicine" have received a decidedly more sober assessment of their coronavirus-fighting potential from researchers in China, France and Brazil.

Both <u>chloroquine</u> and its close relative <u>hydroxychloroquine</u> offered signs that they may ease some of the hallmark symptoms of coronavirus infection in patients who were hospitalized with COVID-19. But the drugs largely failed to deliver improvements on other key measures when evaluated in rigorous research studies.

In <u>research</u> done in France, hydroxychloroquine reduced neither deaths nor admissions to intensive care units among patients who received it. In a <u>study</u> conducted in China and <u>another</u> in Brazil, the two drugs failed to help patients clear the coronavirus faster.

..

"My own impression so far is that these medications are a colossal 'Maybe," said Dr. Michael H. Pillinger, a professor of medicine at New York University and chief of rheumatology at the Veterans Affairs' New York Harbor Healthcare System.

. . .

But researchers in the United States cautioned that the small number of patients in the studies, their hurried execution and the difficulty of assessing any drug during a medical crisis made all of the findings far from definitive. And it doesn't help that the drugs have become political footballs, they added.

Read the original post