## Healthcare workers are less likely to support vaccine mandates than the general public. What can — or should — be done?

The question of whether employers should compel their workforces to be immunized against the coronavirus is rippling through the health-care industry and beyond. It is a question of uncommon intricacy, involving public health, ethics, law, labor relations and ingrained American values.

Largely hypothetical while the three coronavirus vaccines allowed in the United States were in scarce supply, the debate is building in intensity as doses become more plentiful.

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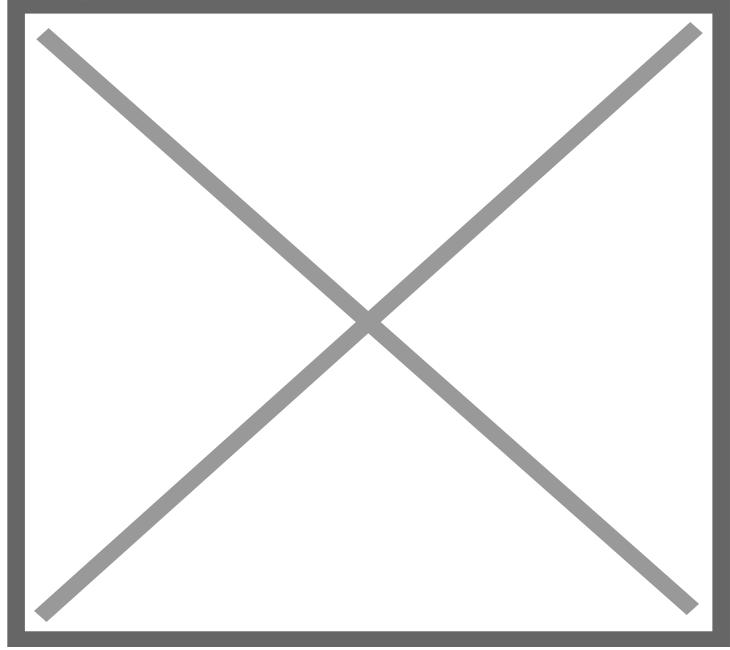
Whether bosses should be able to dictate a protective shot is a polarizing matter among front-line healthcare workers, according to a recent <u>Washington Post-Kaiser Family Foundation poll</u>. Among health-care workers who have an employer, rather than being self-employed, nearly 6 in 10 said they would support their boss requiring vaccination for all employees who work with patients.

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[Houston Methodist] became the nation's first to announce that vaccination would be mandatory for the 26,000 employees at its eight hospitals and many outpatient settings, starting with managers, who must get at least one shot by April 15, or risk suspension or layoff.

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"Everybody is thinking about it," said Lorraine M. Martin, president of the National Safety Council, a group of 16,000 U.S. businesses and organizations. "A lot of companies are calling each other, trading notes, trying to land in the right place."



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