Reckoning for European Green Deal 'Farm to Fork' strategy: EU lawmakers side with farmers and consumers, bury plan to cut chemical pesticide use by 50%

In a stunning upset, the European Parliament voted down the "Sustainable Use of Pesticides" bill, which marked the cornerstone of the European Green Deal and the so-called "Farm to Fork" strategy. In 2020, the European Union planned a fundamental reform of the bloc's agricultural sector, slashing pesticide use [by 50% by 2030], cutting fertilizer use, and boosting organic agriculture.

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However, it quickly became apparent that the plans were going to be very expensive, <u>according to the USDA</u>, with agricultural production dropping between seven and twelve percent, and a significant impact on the overall GDP of the continent.

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It turned out that cutting European farm land, all while depriving farmers of the right to adequately prevent pests from spreading, did not fare well with voters. ... The EU's ambitious plans, aimed at significantly reducing pesticide and fertilizer use while promoting organic agriculture, initially seemed like a bold step towards a more sustainable future. However, the practical implications of these proposals, particularly the potential negative impacts on agricultural production and GDP, led to a swift and decisive backlash.

For the United States, which also faces the challenge of balancing environmental conservation with agricultural productivity, the EU's experience serves as a reminder that well-intentioned policies must be carefully crafted and thoroughly evaluated to avoid unintended consequences.

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